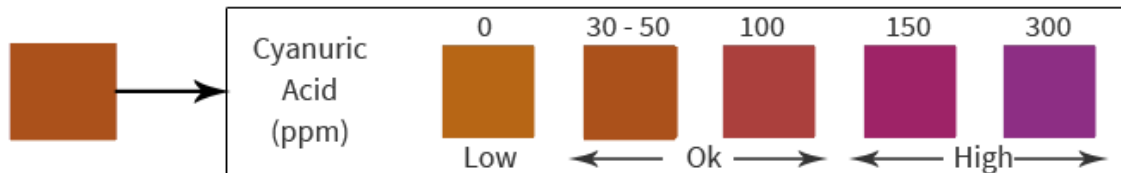




CYANURIC ACID / STABILISER PROBLEMS

MAKING POOL CARE SIMPLE ALL YEAR ROUND



CYANURIC ACID OR STABILISER

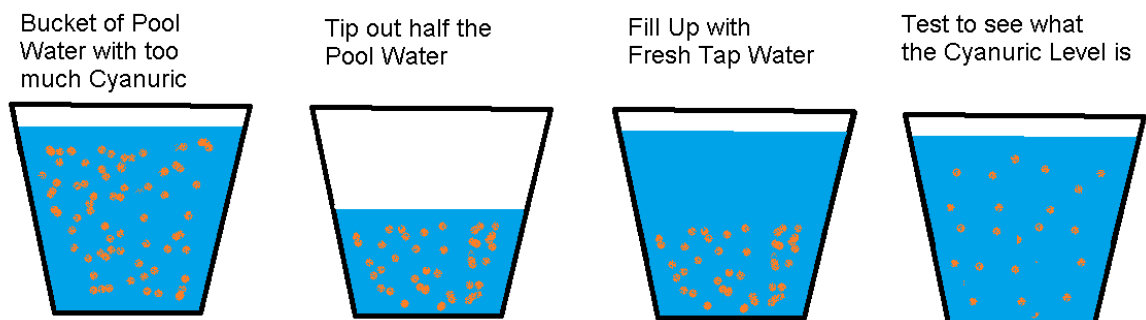
This chemical is often called sunscreen, as it slows down chlorine loss during summer.

Unfortunately if it gets too high then chlorine cannot do its job any more and you have to get the level down, otherwise it does not matter how much chlorine you put in to your pool it will still go green.

It can get too high if you are always using chlorine with cyanuric in it, the chlorine types that do this are Splash Dichlor Granules and Splash Multi Tablets. You should use Splash Chlorine Granules in winter instead to reduce the chance of Cyanuric build up.

The only way to lower this cost effectively is by diluting the water in your pool, this means taking out some of the water with high stabiliser levels, and adding tap water that has no stabiliser. To see how much water you need to change try it in a bucket first.

- 1) Get half a bucket of pool water
- 2) Top up with tap water
- 3) Test cyanuric/stabiliser level in bucket:



If it is still higher than 100ppm you need to change more than half the water, do the bucket test again, this time with less pool water and more tap water.

If it is 100ppm or less you may not have to change as much water, try the bucket test again with more pool water and less tap water

- 4) Once you have worked out what mix of pool water and tap water gives you a result of 100ppm then you need to do the same mix in your pool. Empty enough water from your pool and add tap water to get the same mix as you did in the bucket.